LANDSAT MULTISPECTRAL SCANNER (MSS) LEVEL 1 (L1) DATA FORMAT CONTROL BOOK (DFCB)

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Approved By:	
J. Lacasse	Date
Landsat O&M CCB Chair	
U.S. Geological Survey	

EROS Sioux Falls, South Dakota

Executive Summary

This Data Format Control Book (DFCB) presents detailed data formats of the Multispectral Scanner (MSS) output files that the Level 1 (L1) Product Generation System (LPGS) generates. These L1 processing systems produce L1 output files using Level 0 Reformatted (L0R) images as input. The standard output format used to generate images from the LPGS is the Geographic Tagged Image File Format (GeoTIFF) format.

The Landsat Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Configuration Control Board (CCB) maintains and controls this DFCB. Staff may update or revise this document only upon Landsat O&M CCB approval. Please direct comments and questions regarding this DFCB to the following:

Landsat Mission Management Officer U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Center 47914 252nd Street Sioux Falls, SD 57198

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Contents

Executive Summary	iii
Document History	iv
Contents	v
List of Tables	vi
Section 1 Introduction	
1.1 Purpose	1
1.2 Scope	
1.3 Intended Users	
1.4 Definitions	
1.5 Level 0 (L0) Pre-Archive Processing	3
Section 2 Overview of the L1 Output Files	4
2.1 L1G / L1T Output Files Overview	4
2.2 Naming Convention	
Section 3 Data Format Definition	6
3.1 GeoTIFF File Formats	6
3.1.1 L1 Image File	6
3.1.1.1 GeoTIFF Tags	6
3.1.1.2 GeoTIFF Keys	7
3.1.2 L1 Metadata (MTL) Files	8
3.1.3 GCP File	29
3.1.4 Verify File	30
Section 4 Product Packaging	32
4.1 Electronic Transfer	32
Section 5 Software Tools	33
5.1 ODL Parser	33
Appendix A Projection Parameters	34
References	36

List of Tables

Table 2-1. GeoTIFF Product Components	4
Table 2-2. GeoTIFF Product Naming Convention	
Table 3-1. GeoTIFF Keys	
Table 3-3. MSS L1 Metadata Contents	
Table 3-4. Example GCP Output File	30
Table 3-5. Example Verify File	
Table A-1. L1 Output Product Projection Parameters	34
Table A-2. USGS Projection Parameters – Projection Transformation Package	
Projection Parameters (Elements 1-8)	34
Table A-3. USGS Projection Parameters - Projection Transformation Package	
Projection Parameters (Elements 9-15)	34
Table A-4. USGS Projection Parameters Key	

Section 1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This Data Format Control Book (DFCB) provides a high-level description of the Landsat Multispectral Scanner (MSS) Level 1 (L1) distribution product, output product packaging, and viewing tools. This document outlines Landsat 1-5 MSS data products. The different MSS data types include Multispectral Scanner–Processed Format (MSS-P), Multispectral Scanner–X Format (MSS-X), and Multispectral Scanner–A Format (MSS-A).

1.2 Scope

This DFCB describes the format and data contents of the MSS L1 output files. The output format generated by the Level 1 Product Generation System (LPGS) for distribution is the Geographic Tagged Image File Format (GeoTIFF).

The file formats contained in this DFCB are applicable to the LPGS-generated product, operated at the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Center.

1.3 Intended Users

This document is intended as a guide for L1 product recipients. It provides detailed information on L1 product packaging.

1.4 Definitions

Level 0 Reformatted Archive (L0Ra) product - Raw Computer Compatible (RCC) data that have been reformatted to support data production and includes individual band, browse data, a Mirror Scan Correction Data (MSCD) file, a Payload Correction Data (PCD) file, and Scene Metadata

Level 0 Reformatted Product (L0Rp) digital image - Spatially reformatted, demultiplexed, and unrectified scene data

L0Rp product - L0Rp digital image plus radiometric, calibration, spacecraft attitude, and ephemeris data, consisting of the following files in Hierarchical Data Format (HDF):

- L0Rp digital image (one file per band)
- Internal Calibrator (IC) data Calibration data file containing all of the calibration data received on a major frame basis subset to the product size ordered
- MSCD Scan direction and error information subset to the product size ordered
- PCD Information on spacecraft attitude and ephemeris, including quality indicators for the entire subinterval from which the product is derived
- Metadata Descriptive information about the L0Rp image and names of appended files associated with the image
- Calibration Parameter File (CPF) A formatted file containing radiometric and geometric correction parameters

- Scan Line Offsets (SLO) Information on actual starting and ending pixel positions for valid image data on a line-by-line basis
- Geolocation table File containing scene corner coordinates and product-specific scene line numbers for bands
- HDF directory File containing all of the pointers, file size information, and data objects required to process the L0Rp product
- Annotation file Contains the tic marks required for mapping scene-based u,v coordinates to projection space

Level 1 Radiometric Corrected (L1R) digital image - Radiometrically corrected but not geometrically resampled

Level 1 Systematic Corrected (L1G) digital image - Radiometrically corrected and resampled for geometric correction and registration to a geographic map projection

L1G product - L1 product distributed to the customer that includes, for all bands, a GeoTIFF format L1G image and associated data accommodated by the format

Level 1 Systematic Terrain (Corrected) (L1Gt) product - L1Gt Terrain Correction product that includes radiometric and geometric corrections, and uses a Digital Elevation Model (DEM) to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The accuracy of the terrain-corrected product depends on the accuracy of the geometry from the spacecraft when Ground Control Points (GCPs) are not used. L1Gt products are not recommended as output products for MSS data because of the likelihood for inaccurate terrain correction and subsequent precision modeling, and are often more inaccurate than the systematic product.

Level 1 Terrain Corrected (L1T) product - Includes radiometric, geometric, and precision correction, and uses a DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The accuracy of the terrain-corrected product depends on the availability of GCPs and the resolution of the best available DEM.

Worldwide Reference System (WRS) scene - A global-notation system for Landsat data. The WRS indexes orbits (paths) and scene centers (rows) into a global grid system. The path / row notation was originally employed to provide a standard designator for every nominal scene center and to allow straightforward referencing without using longitude and latitude coordinates.

The WRS system design is tied to orbital parameters such as inclination and mean motion; thus, swathing patterns and repeat cycles are different if these orbital parameters are different. Because Landsats 1-3 orbit on an 18-day repeat cycle, and Landsats 4, 5, 7 and 8 orbit on a 16-day repeat cycle, each set completes a different number of orbits before covering the same area on Earth. This difference in repeat cycles is the impetus for the difference in the number of paths between the WRS-1 and WRS-2.

WRS-1, used for Landsats 1-3, divides the Earth into 251 paths and 248 rows, for a total of 62,248 scenes. Each WRS-1 scene represents approximately 25 seconds of flight. WRS-2, used for Landsats 4, 5, 7 and 8, grids the Earth into 233 paths by 248 rows. The WRS-2 structure defines 57,784 scene centers, each translating to approximately 24 seconds of flight.

1.5 Level 0 (L0) Pre-Archive Processing

A basic knowledge of the pre-archive ground processing enables the user to better understand the L1 product.

The L0 data format contains wideband data processed from the Landsats 1-5 spacecraft. The L0 format is the standard output format of the Landsat Archive Conversion System (LACS) and Multispectral Scanner – X Format Archive Conversion System (MACS). The LACS and MACS output conforms to the L0 format that the USGS uses. This format supports multiple data types for the MSS sensor, including MSS-P, MSS-X, and MSS-A.

The archived MSS data are processed through an "MSS formatter" to make the format similar to that of Landsat 7 Enhanced Thematic Mapper Plus (ETM+) and Landsat 4 / Landsat 5 Thematic Mapper (TM). This makes the data format consistent among the different MSS data types (P, X, and A), compatible with the L1 processing systems, and easier to work with for those already familiar with the ETM+ and TM L0Rp formats. Although archived MSS data have often been geometrically and/or radiometrically corrected to some degree, this reformatted product is referred to as "MSS L0Rp" because of its similarities to other L0Rp data sets (with respect to format and role as input to L1 processing).

The MSS LORp format consists of an HDF-4 data set composed of several files (an HDF catalog file, four image band files, and a variable number of metadata files, based on the MSS data type). It also includes a CPF.

Section 2 Overview of the L1 Output Files

This section provides an overview of the L1 output files.

2.1 L1G / L1T Output Files Overview

The L1G digital image is radiometrically and geometrically corrected, and is available in GeoTIFF format. The L1T product includes radiometric, geometric, and precision correction, and uses a DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief. The processing level to which an image is generated is determined by the best available level for that particular scene, based on available DEM and GCPs for precision modeling. L1Gt products are not recommended as output products for MSS data because without precision GCPs, the geometric accuracy is not precise enough to apply a DEM. L1Gt is currently only used in Antarctica for Landsat 7.

The on-demand L1 products available for download at no charge are generated using a standard set of parameters. These products are output using the best available processing level for that particular scene (L1G or L1T). The processing parameters and output product details used for all standard products are as follows:

Pixel Size 60 meter (m)Output Format GeoTIFF

Resampling Method Cubic Convolution (CC)

Map Projection Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM)

Polar Stereographic (PS) for Antarctica scenes

• Datum World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS84)

Image Orientation
 Map (North Up (NUP))

Table 2-1 details the MSS L1 product components included with each format. The number of bands and optional data files that the user orders determines the number of components included with a specific product.

Component	L1G	L1T
L1 image file (for each band)	Χ	X
L1 MTL file (text [.txt] file)	Х	X
GCP file (text [.txt] file)		X
Three Band Verification Browse Image (JPEG [.jpg] file)		Х
Geometric Verification Statistics file (text [.txt] file)		X

Table 2-1. GeoTIFF Product Components

2.2 Naming Convention

The file-naming convention for the GeoTIFF product is as follows:

<LANDSAT_SCENE_ID>_BN.XXX, where LANDSAT_SCENE_ID is

LMSPPPRRRYYYYDOYGSIVV, where

L	=	L = Landsat
M	=	Mission:
		M = Landsat MSS
S	=	Satellite:
		1 = Landsat 1
		2 = Landsat 2
		3 = Landsat 3
		4 = Landsat 4
		5 = Landsat 5
PPP	=	Three-digit starting path
RRR	=	Three-digit starting row
YYYY	=	Four-digit acquisition year
DOY	=	Three-digit acquisition day of year
GSI	=	Ground Station Identifier
VV	=	Two-digit version
BN	=	Product Component:
		B1 = Band 1
		B2 = Band 2
		B3 = Band 3
		B4 = Band 4
		B5 = Band 5
		B6 = Band 6
		B7 = Band 7
		GCP = GCP File
		VER = Verification File
		MTL = Metadata File
XXX	=	File type:
		= TIF file extension for all image data
		= jpg file extension for the verification browse
		= txt file extension for GCP, VER, and Metadata
		(MTL) files

Table 2-2. GeoTIFF Product Naming Convention

Section 3 Data Format Definition

This section describes the storage format for the data.

3.1 GeoTIFF File Formats

GeoTIFF defines a set of public domain Tagged Image File Format (TIFF) tags that describe all cartographic and geodetic information associated with GeoTIFF imagery. GeoTIFF is a means for tying a raster image to a known model space or map projection and for describing those projections. A metadata format provides geographic information to associate with the image data, but the TIFF file structure allows both the metadata and the image data to encode into the same file.

3.1.1 L1 Image File

The description of an image in GeoTIFF requires tags and keys as described in the GeoTIFF Specification document (see References). The L1 image files include these tags and keys, which TIFF readers automatically detect and read. The following sections describe the tags and keys.

Each Earth image band in the requested product is contained in a separate file, as is the optionally available DEM data file. The data are laid out in a scan line sequential format in descending detector order (e.g., detector 6 followed by detector 5 and so forth for the 60 meter bands). The L1G image is radiometrically corrected and resampled for geometric correction and registration to geographic map projections. The L1T image is radiometrically, geometrically, and precision corrected, and uses a DEM to correct parallax error due to local topographic relief.

3.1.1.1 GeoTIFF Tags

TIFF tags convey metadata information about the image. The tags describe the image with information that the TIFF reader needs to control the appearance of the image on the user's screen. The TIFF tags are in the same file as the TIFF image.

A complete description of the raster data requires georeferencing of the data, which uses tags. Landsat L1 production systems use the transformation raster, model space tie points, and scaling parameters. MoselTiepointTag and MoselPixelScaleTag are used for this purpose.

MoselTiepointTag

Tag = 33922 Type = DOUBLE

N = 6*K, K = Number of tiepoints

Alias: GeoreferenceTag Owner: Intergraph

The MoselTiepointTag stores the raster-to-model tiepoint pairs in order.

MoselTiepointTag = (..., I, J, K, X, Y, Z...),

where (I, J, K) is the point at location (I, J) in raster space with pixel-value K, and (X, Y, Z) is a vector in model space.

The raster image is georeferenced by specifying its location, size, and orientation in the model coordinate space. Because the relationship between the raster space and the model space often is an exact, affine transformation, the relationship can be defined using one set of tiepoints and the MoselPixelScaleTag, which gives the vertical and horizontal raster grid cell size.

MoselPixelScaleTag

Tag = 33550 Type = DOUBLE

N = 3

Owner: SoftDesk

The MoselPixelScaleTag specifies the size of raster pixel spacing in the model space units when the raster space can be embedded in the model space coordinate system without rotation. The MoselPixelScaleTag consists of the following three values:

MoselPixelScaleTag = (ScaleX, ScaleY, ScaleZ)

where ScaleX and ScaleY give the horizontal and vertical spacing of raster pixels, and ScaleZ maps the pixel value of a DEM into the correct Z-scale. ScaleZ is not used for L1G data because it is only systematically corrected and not corrected for elevation.

A single tiepoint in the MoselTiepointTag, together with the MoselPixelScaleTag, completely determines the relationship between raster and model space.

3.1.1.2 GeoTIFF Keys

In addition to tags, the description of a projection in GeoTIFF requires using keys. Table 3-1 lists the keys necessary to define the projections supported by the L1 production systems and the possible values of the keys.

Valid Keys	Possible Values	Meaning	
	UTM		
GTModelTypeGeoKey	1	ModelTypeProjected (Projection Coordinate	
C 1 Modern y possession	-	System)	
GTRasterTypeGeoKey	1	RasterPixelIsArea	
<u> </u>	2	RasterPixelIsPoint	
GTCitationGeoKey	(ASCII, 17)	ASCII reference to public documentation	
GeogLinearUnitsGeoKey	9001	Linear_Meter	
GeografiearonitsGeorey	9002	Linear_Foot	
GeogAngularUnitsGeoKey	9102	Angular_Degree	
	20000 - 32760	European Petroleum Survey Group (EPSG)	
ProjectedCSTypeGeoKey	20000 - 32700	Projection System Codes	
	32767	User-defined	
	PS		
ProjCoordTransGeoKey	15	CT_PolarStereographic	
GTModelTypeGeoKey	1	ModelTypeProjected (Projection Coordinate	
G I Model I ypeGeorrey	Į.	System)	
GTRasterTypeGeoKey	1	RasterPixellsArea	
G i Rasiei i ypedeokey	2	RasterPixellsPoint	
GTCitationGeoKey	(ASCII, 17)	ASCII reference to public documentation	
GeographicTypeGeoKey	4326	GCS_WGS_84	
GeogLinearUnitsGeoKey	9001	Linear_Meter	
GeogLinearoniisGeokey	9002	Linear_Foot	
GeogAngularUnitsGeoKey	9102	Angular_Degree	
Drain ata dCCT: ma Cankari	20000 - 32760	EPSG Projection System Codes	
ProjectedCSTypeGeoKey	32767	User-defined	
	40000 40000	EPSG / Petrotechnical Open Software	
ProjectionGeoKey	10000 - 19999	Corporation (POSC) Projection Codes	
	32767	User-defined	
Don't in a set to its O a s Karr	9001	Linear_Meter	
ProjLinearUnitsGeoKey	9002	Linear_Foot	
ProjStraightVertPoleLongGeoKey		Value in units of GeogAngularUnits	
ProjNatOriginLatGeoKey		Value in units of GeogAngularUnits	
ProjFalseNorthingGeoKey		Value entered in units of ProjLinearUnits	
ProjFalseEastingGeoKey		Value entered in units of ProjLinearUnits	

Table 3-1. GeoTIFF Keys

3.1.2 L1 Metadata (MTL) Files

The MTL file is created during product generation and contains information specific to the product ordered. Table 3-2 lists the full contents of the MTL file. This file contains all applicable image description information from the L0Rp MTL file. The MTL file complies with LSDS-524 Landsat Metadata Description Document (LMDD) (see References).

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description /
			Remarks
GROUP	18	= L1_METADATA_FILE	Beginning of the first-level
			Object Description
			Language (ODL) group; it
			indicates the start of the
			L1 MTL file level group.
GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	Beginning of the MTL file

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			information group.
ORIGIN	47	= "Image courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey"	Establishes the origin of the image from the USGS.
REQUEST_ID	19	USGS products use: = "NNNYYMMDDSSSS_UUUUU" format where: NNNYYMMDDSSSS = 13-digit Tracking, Routing, and Metrics (TRAM) order number NNN = Node indicator YY = Year MM = Month DD = Day SSSS = Sequence number for the day UUUUU = Five-digit TRAM unit number	Data producer-defined request number that uniquely identifies each product. USGS products use a unique product generation TRAM-generated request ID.
LANDSAT_SCENE_ID	21	= "LMSPPPRRRYYYYDDDGSIVV" Where: L = Landsat M = MSS S = Satellite PPP = WRS path RRR = WRS row YYYY = Year of acquisition DDD = Day of acquisition year GSI = Ground Station Identifier VV = Version	Unique Landsat scene identifier. (Earth-imaging), orbital path/row
FILE_DATE	20	= YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MI:SSZ Where: YYYY = Four-digit Julian year MM = Month of the Julian year (01- 12) DD = Day of the Julian month (01-31) T = Start of time information in ODL American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) time code format HH = Hours (00-23) MI = Minutes (00-59) SS = Seconds (00-59) Z = Zulu time (same as GMT)	L1 system date and time when the metadata file for the L1 product set was created.
STATION_ID	3	= "NNN"	Unique three-letter code identifying the originating Ground Station.
PROCESSING_SOFTWARE_VE RSION	20	= "SYSTEM_VERSION" Where: SYSTEM = LPGS, Image Assessment System (IAS) VERSION = Version of software	Software name followed by version number(s) and separated by underscores. Example: LPGS_8.2.3
DATA_CATEGORY	11	= "NOMINAL" = "VALIDATION"	Current data category assigned to the data.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		= "EXCHANGE"	Values:
		= "TEST"	NOMINAL = Nominal
		= "ENGINEERING"	data that exists within
			expected, acceptable
			limits.
			VALIDATION = Validation
			data obtained from an
			International Ground
			Station (IGS) in order to
			validate that the IGS data
			are of equivalent quality to those that the USGS
			maintains.
			EXCHANGE = Exchange
			data (between an IGS
			and the USGS) that
			require a quarantine
			period and have been
			successfully validated to
			be of equivalent quality to
			the corresponding USGS
			data.
			TEST = Test data.
			ENGINEERING =
			Engineering data that
			typically results from an
			inclination change to the
			spacecraft or Delta I
			Maneuver.
			Refer to LSDS-293
			Landsat Data
			Management Policy.
END_GROUP	18	= METADATA_FILE_INFO	End of the metadata
			information group.
GROUP	16	= PRODUCT_METADATA	Beginning of the product
			metadata group.
DATA_TYPE	20	= "L1T"	Identifier to inform the
		= "L1G"	user of the data type.
		= "L1GT"	
DATA_TYPE_L0RP	20	= "MSSA_L0RP"	Data type identifier string
		= "MSSX_L0RP"	used to create the L0Rp
		= "MSSP_L0RP"	product.
		= "MSSR_L0RP"	
ELEVATION_SOURCE	7	= "GLS2000"	Digital elevation data set
_		= "RAMP"	used to terrain-correct the
			product.
			Values: GLS2000 =
			Global Land Survey
			2000.
			RAMP = Radarsat
			Antarctic Mapping
			Project.
OUTPUT_FORMAT	7	= "GEOTIFF"	Output format of the

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			image. Values: GEOTIFF = Geostationary Earth Orbit Tagged Image File Format.
EPHEMERIS_TYPE	10	= "DEFINITIVE" = "PREDICTIVE"	Identifier to inform the user of the orbital ephemeris type used. If the field is not present, the user should assume PREDICTIVE in all cases.
SPACECRAFT_ID	9	= "LANDSAT_1" = "LANDSAT_2" = "LANDSAT_3" = "LANDSAT_4" = "LANDSAT_5"	Name of the satellite platform.
SENSOR_ID	8	= "MSS"	Name of the imaging sensor. MSS = Multispectral Scanner.
WRS_PATH	3	= NNN Where: NNN = Path number (001-251)	WRS-defined nominal Landsat satellite track (path). (orbital)
WRS_ROW	3	= NNN Where: NNN = Row of the first full or partial scene in the product (001-248)	WRS-defined nominal Landsat satellite row, based on the latitudinal center frame of a Landsat image. (orbital)
DATE_ACQUIRED	10	= YYYY-MM-DD	Date that this scene was imaged.
SCENE_CENTER_TIME	14	= "HH:MI:SS.SSSSSSZ" Where: HH = Hour (00-23) MI = Minutes SS.SSSSSSS = Fractional seconds Z = Constant (indicates "Zulu" time (same as GMT)).	Scene center time of the date the image was acquired.
CORNER_UL_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees. Positive (+) value indicates north latitude; negative (-) value indicates south latitude	Latitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_UL_LON_PRODUCT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees. Positive (+) value indicates east longitude; negative (-) value indicates west longitude	Longitude value for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_UR_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the upper-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_UR_LON_PRODUCT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the upper-right corner of the

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_LL_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_LL_LON_PRODUCT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the lower-left corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_LR_LAT_PRODUCT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000 degrees.	Latitude value for the lower-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_LR_LON_PRODUCT	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000 degrees.	Longitude value for the lower-right corner of the product (the L1 systems recalculate for the L1G product).
CORNER_UL_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (the L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
CORNER_UL_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
CORNER_UR_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the upper-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
CORNER_UR_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the upper-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
CORNER_LL_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection X coordinate for the lower-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
CORNER_LL_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-left corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
CORNER_LR_PROJECTION_X_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000	Projection X coordinate for the lower-right corner

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		Units are feet or meters	of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
CORNER_LR_PROJECTION_Y_ PRODUCT	14	= -132000000.000 through 132000000.000 Units are feet or meters	Projection Y coordinate for the lower-right corner of the product (L1 systems calculated, L1G only).
REFLECTIVE_LINES	5	= NNNNN	Number of product lines for the reflective bands.
REFLECTIVE_SAMPLES	5	= NNNNN	Number of product samples for the reflective bands.
FILE_NAME_BAND_1	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_B1.TIF"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 1, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_2	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_B2.TIF"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 2, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_3	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_B3.TIF"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 3, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_4	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_B4.TIF"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 4, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_5	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_B5.TIF"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 5, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_6	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_B6.TIF"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for Band 6, if part of the product.
FILE_NAME_BAND_7	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_B7.TIF"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for band 7, if part of the product.
PRESENT_BAND_1	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 1. Values: Y = Band 1 is present. N = Band 1 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 1 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 1 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_2	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No)	Presence of Band 2. Values: Y = Band 2 is

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		= "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	present. N = Band 2 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 2 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 2 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_3	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 3. Values: Y = Band 3 is present. N = Band 3 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 3 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 3 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_4	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 4. Values: Y = Band 4 is present. N = Band 4 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 4 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 4 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_5	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 5. Values: Y = Band 5 is present. N = Band 5 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 5 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 5 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_6	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 6. Values: Y = Band 6 is present. N = Band 6 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 6 is missing (expected but not there). U = Band 6 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
PRESENT_BAND_7	1	= "Y" (Yes) = "N" (No) = "M" (Missing) = "U" (Unknown)	Presence of Band 7. Values: Y = Band 7 is present. N = Band 7 is not present and is not expected. M = Band 7 is

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			missing (expected but not there). U = Band 7 presence is unknown (expected but insufficient information).
GROUND_CONTROL_POINT_FI LE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_GCP.txt"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the GCP, if part of the product.
REPORT_VERIFY_FILE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_VER.txt"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name where information from scoring geometric verification is located, if part of the product.
BROWSE_VERIFY_FILE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_VER.jpg"</landsat_scene_id>	L1-generated external element file name for the Three Band Browse file (JPEG file), if part of the product.
METADATA_ FILE_NAME	256	= " <landsat_scene_id>_MTL.txt"</landsat_scene_id>	Name of the metadata file.
CPF_NAME	256	= LMXCPFYYYYMMDD_YYYYMMDD. nn where: L = Landsat M = MSS X = Mission 1 = Landsat 1 2 = Landsat 2 3 = Landsat 3 4 = Landsat 4 5 = Landsat 5 YYYYMMDD = effective_date_begin and effective_date_end respectively nn = version (00-99)	Archive-generated external element file name for the IAS CPF.
END_GROUP	16	=PRODUCT_METADATA	End of the product metadata group.
GROUP	17	= IMAGE_ATTRIBUTES	Beginning of the image attributes group.
CLOUD_COVER	5	= 0.00-100.00, -1	Automated cloud cover (percent) on a WRS L1 scene. Values: -1 = Cloud cover not calculated or assessed.
IMAGE_QUALITY	1	= 0-9, -1	Composite image quality for the bands. Values: 9 = Best. 0 = Worst1 = Image quality not calculated or assessed.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
SUN_AZIMUTH	11	= -180.00000000 through 180.00000000 degrees. A positive value indicates angles to the east or clockwise from the north. A negative value (-) indicates angles to the west or counterclockwise from the north. Leading zeros are not required.	Sun azimuth angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.
SUN_ELEVATION	10	= -90.000000000 through 90.00000000 degrees. A positive value indicates a daytime scene. A negative value (-) indicates a nighttime scene. Leading zeros are not required.	Sun elevation angle in degrees for the image center location at the image center acquisition time.
EARTH_SUN_DISTANCE		= N.NNNNNN	Measurement (astronomical unit) of the earth to sun distance at the particular day and time of imagery acquisition.
GROUND_CONTROL_POINTS_ VERSION	3	= 0 - 999	GCP version used for processing.
GROUND_CONTROL_POINTS_ MODEL	3	= 1 - 999	Number of GCPs used in the precision correction process.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODEL	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	Combined Root Mean Square Error (RMSE) of the geometric residuals (meters) in both across- track and along-track directions measured on the GCPs used in geometric precision correction.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODEL_Y	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (meters) measured on the GCPs used in geometric precision correction.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_MODEL_X	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (meters) measured on the GCPs used in geometric precision correction.
GROUND_CONTROL_POINTS_ VERIFY	4	= 1 - 9999	Number of GCPs used in the verification of the terrain corrected product.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) in both line and sample directions measured on the terrain-corrected

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			product independently using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY_Q UAD_UL	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) for the upper-left quadrant in both line and sample
			directions measured on the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY_Q UAD_UR	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) for the upper-right quadrant in both line and sample directions measured on the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY_Q UAD_LL	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) for the lower-left quadrant in both line and sample directions measured on the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
GEOMETRIC_RMSE_VERIFY_Q UAD_LR	7	= 0.000 - 9999.999	RMSE of the geometric residuals (pixels) for the lower-right quadrant in both line and sample directions measured on the terrain-corrected product independently using GLS2000.
END_GROUP	17	= IMAGE_ATTRIBUTES	End of the image attributes group.
GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	Beginning of the minimum / maximum radiance group.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_1	6	= 0.000 - 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_1	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 1, if part of the

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_2	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_2. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_2	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 2, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_2. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_3	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_3. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_3	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 3, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_3. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_4	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_4. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_4	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 4, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_4. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_5	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_5. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_5	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 5, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_5. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_6	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_6. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_6	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 6, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_6. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MAXIMUM_BAND_7	6	= 0.000 – 999.999, "NULL"	Maximum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_B AND_7. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MINIMUM_BAND_7	6	= -999.999 through 999.999, "NULL"	Minimum achievable spectral radiance value for Band 7, if part of the product (w/(m^2 sr micron)). In addition, the spectral radiance corresponding to QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_B AND_7. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
END_GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_RADIANCE	End of the minimum / maximum radiance group.
GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_REFLECTANCE	Beginning of the minimum / maximum reflectance group.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA ND_1	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable reflectance value for Band 1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_1	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable reflectance value for Band 1. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA ND_2	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable reflectance value for Band 2. A "NULL" value

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			indicates that Band 2 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_2			reflectance value for
			Band 2. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 2 is
DEELECTANICE MANYINGURA DA		0.000000 4.000000 "NUUL"	missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_3			reflectance value for Band 3. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 3 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_3		- 0.000000 1.000000, 11022	reflectance value for
			Band 3. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 3 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_4			reflectance value for
			Band 4. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 4 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_4			reflectance value for
			Band 4. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 4 is
DEELECTANCE MAXIMUM DA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	missing or unknown. Maximum achievable
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA ND_5	0	= 0.000000-1.000000, NOLL	reflectance value for
ND_3			Band 5. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 5 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE MINIMUM BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable
D_5			reflectance value for
			Band 5. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 5 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_6			reflectance value for
			Band 6. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 6 is
DEEL COTANICE MAINIMAINA DANI	0	0.000000 4.000000 "NUUL"	missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN D_6	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable reflectance value for
5_0	1		Band 6. A "NULL" value
			indicates that Band 6 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MAXIMUM_BA	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Maximum achievable
ND_7	_		reflectance value for
	1		Band 7. A "NULL" value
	1		indicates that Band 7 is
			missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MINIMUM_BAN	8	= 0.000000-1.000000, "NULL"	Minimum achievable

- 21 -

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
D_7			reflectance value for Band 7. A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
END_GROUP	16	= MIN_MAX_REFLECTANCE	End of the minimum / maximum reflectance group.
GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	Beginning of the minimum / maximum pixel value group.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_1	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 1, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_1	1	= 0 – 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 1, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_2	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_2	1	= 0 - 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 2, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_3	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_3	1	= 0 - 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 3, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_4	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 4, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_4	1	= 0 - 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			value for Band 4, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_5	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 5, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_5	1	= 0 - 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 5, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_6	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 6, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_6	1	= 0 - 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 6, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MAX_BAND_7	3	= 0 – 255, "NULL"	Maximum possible pixel value for Band 7, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
QUANTIZE_CAL_MIN_BAND_7	1	= 0 - 1, "NULL"	Minimum possible pixel value for Band 7, if part of the product (DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
END_GROUP	19	= MIN_MAX_PIXEL_VALUE	End of the minimum / maximum pixel value group.
GROUP	18	= PRODUCT_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the product parameters group (both 1R and L1G products).
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_1	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 1, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_2	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for	Correction method used by L1 in creating the

- 23 -

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
		IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	image for Band 2, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_3	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 3, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_4	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 4, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_5	20	= "CPF"(for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 5, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_6	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 6, if part of the product.
CORRECTION_GAIN_BAND_7	20	= "CPF" (for CPF gains) = "INTERNAL_CALIBRATION" (for IC gains) = "NA" (band missing or unknown)	Correction method used by L1 in creating the image for Band 7, if part of the product.
GAIN_BAND_1	1	= "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown)	Band gain state of Band 1 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_2	1	= "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown)	Band gain state of Band 2 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_3	1	= "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown)	Band gain state of Band 3 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_4	1	= "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown)	Band gain state of Band 4 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_5	1	= "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown)	Band gain state of Band 5 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
GAIN_BAND_6	1	= "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown)	Band gain state of Band 6 detected at the start of a WRS scene.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
GAIN_BAND_7	1	= "H" (Band was acquired in high gain mode), = "L" (Band was acquired in low gain mode), = "U" (Unknown)	Band gain state of Band 7 detected at the start of a WRS scene.
END_GROUP	18	= PRODUCT_PARAMETERS	End of the product parameters group.
GROUP	21	= RADIOMETRIC_RESCALING	Beginning of the radiometric rescaling parameters group.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_1	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 1 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_2	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 2 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_3	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 3 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_4	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 4 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_5	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 5 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_6	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			to radiance units for Band 6 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_MULT_BAND_7	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units for Band 7 (w/(m^2 sr micron) / DN). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_1	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 1). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 1 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_2	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 2). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 2 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_3	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 3). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 3 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_4	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 4). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 4 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_5	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 5). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 5 is missing or unknown.

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_6	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 6). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 6 is missing or unknown.
RADIANCE_ADD_BAND_7	9	= -9999.99999 through +9999.99999, "NULL"	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to radiance units (W/(m^2 sr um)) for Band 7). A "NULL" value indicates that Band 7 is missing or unknown.
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_1	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 1 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_2	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 2 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_3	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 3 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_4	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 4 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_5	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 5 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_6	9	= N.NNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 6 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_MULT_BAND_7	9	= N.NNNNENN	Multiplicative rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 7 (DN ⁻¹).
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_1	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			digital numbers to reflectance for Band 1.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_2	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 2.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_3	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 3.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_4	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 4.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_5	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 5.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_6	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 6.
REFLECTANCE_ADD_BAND_7	9	-9.999999 through +9.999999	Additive rescaling factor used to convert calibrated digital numbers to reflectance for Band 7.
END_GROUP	21	= RADIOMETRIC_RESCALING	End of the radiometric rescaling parameters group.
GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	Beginning of the projection parameters group.
MAP_PROJECTION	3	= "PS" (Polar Stereographic) = "UTM" (Universal Transverse Mercator)	L1 map projection applied to this data. Used for processed archive data.
DATUM	5	= "WGS84"	Datum used in creating the image.
ELLIPSOID	5	= "WGS84"	Ellipsoid used in creating the image.
UTM_ZONE	2	= 1 to 60 or -1 to -60	Value used to indicate the zone number.
VERTICAL_LON_FROM_POLE	8	= -180.00000 through +180.00000	Vertical longitude (decimal degrees) from the pole.
TRUE_SCALE_LAT	7	= -90.00000 through +90.00000	Latitude of true scale in a map projection.
FALSE_EASTING	9	= -200000000 through +200000000	Value added to all "x" values in the rectangular coordinates for a map projection. Frequently assigned to eliminate negative numbers. Expressed in the unit of

- 28 -

Parameter Name	Size*	Value, Format, Range, and Units	Parameter Description / Remarks
			measure identified in the
			Planar Coordinate Unit.
FALSE_NORTHING	9	= -200000000 through +200000000	Value added to all "y"
			values in the rectangular
			coordinates for a map
			projection. Frequently
			assigned to eliminate
			negative numbers.
			Expressed in the unit of
			measure identified in the
ODID OF LOUZE DEFLECTIVE	_	0.00 400.00	Planar Coordinate Unit.
GRID_CELL_SIZE_REFLECTIVE	5	= 0.00 - 120.00	Grid cell size used in
			creating the image for the
ORIENTATION	40	- "NODTH HD"	reflective band.
ORIENTATION	10	= "NORTH_UP"	Orientation used in
DECAMPLING OPTION	20	- "CURIC CONVOLUTION"	creating the image.
RESAMPLING_OPTION	28	= "CUBIC_CONVOLUTION"	Resampling option used in creating the image.
MAP PROJECTION LORA	3	= "PS" (Polar Stereographic)	L0Ra map projection
WAF_FROJECTION_LORA	3	= "UTM" (Universal Transverse	selectively applied to
		Mercator)	High Density Tapes
		= "HOM" (Hotine Oblique Mercator)	(HDTs) based on
		= "SOM" (Space Oblique Mercator)	geographic location.
		= "NA" (Not applicable)	Used for processed
		- NA (Not applicable)	archive data.
END GROUP	21	= PROJECTION_PARAMETERS	End of projection
			parameters group.
END_GROUP	16	L1 METADATA FILE	End of the L1 MTL file
			parameters.
END			Required standalone
			parameter signifying the
			file end.

Table 3-2. MSS L1 Metadata Contents

- 29 -

3.1.3 GCP File

The GCP file included with an L1T product is written in ASCII format and contains a header followed by records, one on each line. Each record corresponds to a single GCP. Each record has eight column headings and looks similar to Table 3-3Error! Reference source not found.

Sat. Jan.	25, 2014		LANDSAT Image Assessm GCP Residua	ment System	Tim	e: 03:23		
WOID: L98	58339		Path/Row: 02	27 / 036				
	ence Imag on Date:		XX11130030001 2013	L01_HDF.14025	0918			
Band Numb	er: 2							
GLS date Path. Row 026 035 026 036 026 037 027 035 027 036 027 037 028 035	Date 2000-0 2000-0 2000-0 1999-0 1999-0 2001-0 2000-0	8-28 9-29 9-29 8-17 8-17 4-16 7-09	ath/row used:					
Point_ID	La	titude	Longitude	Height	Across Scan Residual	Along Scan Residual	In y	Residual in x dir
		(deg)	(deg)	(meters)	(meters)	(meters)	(meters)	
02 603 500 5 02 603 500 5 02 603 500 7 02 603 500 8 02 603 600 0	4_01 35 9_01 35 4_01 35 3_01 35 6_01 35 9_01 35	.318373 .372089 .379182 .374461 .319745 .306833	-95.433774 -95.461440 -95.824250 -95.727430 -95.861309 -95.433765 -95.535646 -95.931886	157.033 158.797 164.982 158.508 152.015 150.915	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	-35.624 -18.643 -6.377 4.320 -2.719 -5.291 -2.748 18.208	0.889 -24.224 -10.401 -21.763 2.318 55.628

Table 3-3. Example GCP Output File

3.1.4 Verify File

The Geometric Verification Statistics file included with an L1T product is written in ASCII format and contains a header followed by records, one on each line. Each record has seven column headings and looks similar to Table 3-4Error! Reference source not found. Each record corresponds to a single GCP marked with a colored dot in the Three Band Verification Browse Image. The contents of the verify file look similar to Table 3-4Error! Reference source not found.

```
Example Verify Output File

Thu. Nov. 1 2012

LANDSAT 5

Image Assessment System

GEOMETRIC VERIFY Report

Order ID: 0101210315929_00002

Reference Image: L51AAA1188075150100_HDF.L1G

Color mapping per rank

Rank 1 is Green: total residual <= 0.5
Rank 2 is Cyan: 0.5 < total residual <= 1
Rank 3 is Blue: 1 < total residual <= 2
Rank 4 is Yellow: 2 < total residual <= 3
Rank 5 is Red: 3 < total residual
```

Percentage of residuals by rank							
		F1 C0					
Rank Rank		51.6% 48.4%					
Rank		0.0%					
Rank		0.0%					
Rank		0.0%					
Nam	5	0.0%					
	GCP	Latitude	Longitude	Sample	Line	Total	Rank
	ID		-	Residual	Residual	Residual	
		(Degree)	(Degree)	(Pixel)	(Pixel)	(Pixel)	
015041	 10091	28.32760	-80.69813	0.47	0.47	0.66	2
015041	10092	28.32753	-80.66692	0.63	0.33	0.71	2
015041	10093	28.32745	-80.63570	0.41	0.01	0.41	1
015041	10167	28.30315	-80.66699	0.62	0.29	0.68	2
015041	10168	28.30307	-80.63578	0.19	0.08	0.21	1
015041	10169	28.30299	-80.60458	0.15	-0.36	0.39	1
015041	10242	28.27878	-80.66707	0.27	0.29	0.40	1
015041	10244	28.27861	-80.60467	0.77	-0.43	0.88	2
015041	10319	28.25424	-80.60476	0.16	-0.14	0.21	1
015041	10392	28.23004	-80.66722	0.27	0.29	0.40	1
015041	10394	28.22987	-80.60484	0.31	-0.11	0.32	1
015041	10467	28.20566	-80.66730	0.24	0.00	0.24	1
015041	10468	28.20558	-80.63612	0.16	0.02	0.16	1
015041	10469	28.20550	-80.60493	0.23	-0.11	0.26	1
015041	10617	28.15692	-80.66745	0.20	0.18	0.27	1
015041	10619	28.15675	-80.60511	0.34	-0.13	0.37	1
015041	10693	28.13247	-80.63636	-0.06	0.12	0.13	1
015041	10694	28.13238	-80.60520	0.01	0.18	0.18	1
015041	10766	28.10825	-80.69875	0.06	0.12	0.14	1
015041		28.08372	-80.63653	-0.36	0.01	0.36	1

Table 3-4. Example Verify File

Section 4 Product Packaging

L1 products are available for distribution via HTTP download. The following sections provide information on each distribution method for the available L1 product formats.

4.1 Electronic Transfer

Products available via electronic transfer also include the L1 volume descriptor (readme file) with the same file names as listed. When data are packaged and ready for distribution, they are stored in directories on the production online cache for retrieval.

The LPGS GZips (compression) all standard products for distribution. Each individual file within the scene is GZipped.

Section 5 Software Tools

5.1 ODL Parser

The University of Colorado's Laboratory for Atmospheric and Space Physics (LASP) originally implemented the ODL parser (Version 1.0) incorporated into the Science Data Processing (SDP) Toolkit. The Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL) enhanced the ODL parser in building their Planetary Data System. IAS modified this enhanced version, available at http://pds.nasa.gov/tools/. LPGS uses this IAS-modified version.

The IAS-modified version should be particularly useful to those operating in a non-HDF-Earth Observing System (EOS) environment. The software stands alone and reads the L0Rp or L1 metadata external elements and the CPF.

Appendix A Projection Parameters

This appendix contains the map projection parameters used in the L1 output products and the USGS projection parameters.

Project Name	Mnemonic
Polar Stereographic	PS
Universal Transverse Mercator	UTM

Table A-1. L1 Output Product Projection Parameters

Projection	Array Element							
Name Mnemonic	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
PS	SMajor	SMinor			LongPol	TrueScale	FE	FN
UTM	Lon/Z	Lat/Z						

Table A-2. USGS Projection Parameters – Projection Transformation Package Projection Parameters (Elements 1-8)

Projection			ı	Array Eleme	ent		
Name Mnemonic	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
PS							
UTM							

Table A-3. USGS Projection Parameters - Projection Transformation Package Projection Parameters (Elements 9-15)

Where	Lon/Z	=	Longitude of any point in the UTM zone or zero
	Lat/Z	=	Latitude of any point in the UTM zone or zero
	SMajor	=	Semi-major axis of the ellipsoid. If zero, Clarke 1866 in meters is assumed.
	SMinor	=	Eccentricity squared of the ellipsoid if less than zero. If zero, a spherical form is
			assumed. If greater than zero, the semi-major axis of the ellipsoid.
	Sphere	=	Radius of the reference sphere. If zero, 6370997 meters is used.
	Stdpar	=	Latitude of the standard parallel
	Stdpr1	=	Latitude of the first standard parallel
	Stdpr2	=	Latitude of the second standard parallel
	CentMer	=	Longitude of the central meridian
	OriginLat	=	Latitude of the projection origin
	FE	=	False easting in the same units as the semi-major axis
	FN	=	False northing in the same units as the semi-major axis
	LongPol	=	Longitude below the pole of the map
	TrueScale	=	Latitude of the true scale
	Factor	=	Scale factor at the central meridian (TM) or center of projection (Oblique Mercator
			Type A (OMA) / Oblique Mercator Type B (OMB))
	CentLon	=	Longitude of the center of projection
	CenterLat	=	Latitude of the center of projection
	Height	=	Height of the perspective point
	Long1	=	Longitude of the first point on the center line
	Long2	=	Longitude of the second point on the center line
	Lat1	=	Latitude of the first point on the center line
	Lat2	=	Latitude of the second point on the center line
	AziAng	=	Azimuth angle east of north of the center line
	AzmthPt	=	Longitude of point on the central meridian where azimuth occurs
	Satnum	=	Landsat satellite number
	Path	=	Landsat path number (use WRS-1 for Landsat 1, 2, and 3, and WRS-2 for Landsat
			4, 5, and 7)
	Shapem	=	Oval shape parameter m
	Shapen	=	Oval shape parameter n
	Angle	=	Oval rotation angle

Table A-4. USGS Projection Parameters Key

Note: All array elements with blank fields are set to zero. All angles (latitudes, longitudes, azimuths, etc.) are entered in a degrees / minutes / seconds (DDDMMMSSS.SS) format.

References

Please see http://landsat.usgs.gov/tools_acronyms_ALL.php for a list of acronyms.

USGS/EROS. LSDS-52. Landsat 1-5 Multispectral Scanner (MSS) Calibration Parameter File (CPF) Definition Document.

USGS/EROS. LSDS-285. Landsat Multispectral Scanner (MSS) Level 0 Reformatted Product (L0Rp) Data Format Control Book (DFCB).

USGS/EROS. LSDS-293. Landsat Data Management Policy.

USGS/EROS. LSDS-524. Landsat Metadata Description Document (LMDD).

505-10-36. Earth Science Data and Information System (ESDIS) Project Mission Specific Requirements for the Landsat 7 Mission L1 Processing. November 1998.

GeoTIFF Specification. Revision 1.0. (http://www.remotesensing.org/geotiff/spec/geotiffhome.html).

JPL D-7669, Part 2, Planetary Data System Standards Reference, Object Description Language Specification and Usage. Version 3.7. March 2006.